

## Safe Harbor

This presentation contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements include expectations concerning the Company's potential performance in the future and the Company's ability to achieve its financial and business goals, such as the expectation to return to profitable growth in 2019 and other expected financial results, and may be identified by the use of forward-looking words or phrases.
The Company's actual actions or results may differ materially from those expected or anticipated in these forward-looking statements due to both known and unknown risks and uncertainties. Specific factors that might cause such a difference include, but are not limited to: (i) the Company's ability to successfully develop and grow its franchise and key partner brands, which constitute a substantial majority of the Company's total revenues; (ii) the Company's ability to successfully re-imagine, re-invent and re-ignite its existing brands, products and product lines, including through the use of immersive entertainment experiences and progressive technology, to keep them fresh and relevant and to maintain and further their success; (iii) the risk that the Company fails to design, develop, produce, manufacture, source and deliver new and existing products, or develop, launch and grow new areas of business, on a timely, cost-effective or profitable basis; (iv) the ability of the Company to successfully develop, produce and distribute motion pictures under its relationship with Paramount Pictures Corporation, and consumer interest in those motion pictures and related merchandise; (v) failure to achieve sufficient consumer interest in programming created by Hasbro Studios, and other factors impacting the financial performance of Hasbro Studios and the Discovery Family Channel; (vi) failure to achieve sufficient consumer interest in entertainment properties for which the Company develops or markets products or content; (vii) difficulties or delays in establishing additional retail channels or failure to implement and develop new capabilities and changes to the Company's business to address a changing global consumer landscape and retail environment; (viii) delays, increased costs or difficulties associated with any of the Company's or its partners' planned digital applications or media initiatives; (ix) economic downturns or changes in public health conditions or regulations, impacting one or more of the markets in which the Company sells products; (x) higher costs for fuel and food, drops in the value of homes or other consumer assets, high levels of consumer debt and other factors that can lower discretionary consumer spending; (xi) the concentration of the Company's customers; (xii) the bankruptcy or other lack of success of one of the Company's significant retailers; (xiii) the Company's significant reliance on third parties for the manufacture, license, development, production and distribution of products, programming, content and entertainment; (xiv) concentration of manufacturing for many of the Company's products in the People's Republic of China, which subjects the Company to risks associated with social, economic or public health conditions and other factors affecting China, as well as potential tariffs on the Company's and its vendors' products; (xv) the ability of the Company to successfully diversify sourcing of its products to reduce reliance on sources of supply in China; (xvi) the application of tariffs to some or all of the Company's products being imported into other markets; (xvii) the risk of underproduction of popular items, overproduction of less popular items and failure to achieve compressed shipping schedules due to existing retail inventories and retailer inventory policies; (xviii) failure to compete effectively to acquire, secure, maintain and renew popular licenses, brands and assets; (xix) the risk that anticipated benefits of acquisitions or investments may not occur or be delayed or reduced in their realization; (xx) failure to attract and retain talented employees; (xxi) failure to protect the Company's assets and intellectual property; (xxii) the risk of product recalls or product liability suits and costs associated with product safety regulations; (xxiii) the impact of other market conditions, third party actions or approvals and competition which could reduce demand for the Company's products or delay or increase the cost of implementation of the Company's programs or alter the Company's actions and reduce actual results; (xxiv) failure to achieve anticipated benefits of cost-savings and efficiency enhancing initiatives; (xxv) currency fluctuations; (xxvi) changes in tax laws or regulations; (xxvii) the impact of litigation or arbitration decisions or settlement actions; and (xxviii) other risks and uncertainties as may be detailed from time to time in the Company's public announcements and Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") filings. The statements contained herein are based on the Company's current beliefs and expectations. The Company undertakes no obligation to make any revisions to the forward-looking statements contained in this presentation or to update them to reflect events or circumstances occurring after the date of this presentation.

We have used non-GAAP financial measures as defined under SEC rules in this presentation. Specifically, we refer to Adjusted net earnings and Adjusted earnings per diluted share, excluding, in the case of the first quarter of 2018, the impact of charges associated with the Toys"R"Us liquidation; severance costs; and U.S. tax reform, as well as Adjusted operating profit in the first quarter of 2018 absent the impact of the charges associated with the Toys"R"Us liquidation and severance costs. Also included in the presentation are the non-GAAP financial measures of EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA. EBITDA represents net earnings attributable to Hasbro, Inc. excluding interest expense, income taxes, depreciation and amortization. Adjusted EBITDA also excludes the impact of charges associated with the Toys"R"Us liquidation and severance costs in the first quarter of 2018. As required by SEC rules, we have provided reconciliations of these measures to the most directly comparable GAAP measure. Management believes that Adjusted net earnings, Adjusted earnings per diluted share and Adjusted operating profit provides investors with an understanding of the underlying performance of the Company's business absent unusual events. Management believes that EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA are appropriate measures for evaluating the operating performance of the Company because they reflect the resources available for strategic opportunities including, among others, to invest in the business, strengthen the balance sheet and make strategic acquisitions. These non-GAAP measures should be considered in addition to, not as a substitute for, or superior to, net earnings or other measures of financial performance prepared in accordance with GAAP as more fully discussed in the Company's financial statements and filings with the SEC. As used herein, "GAAP" refers to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## Strategy for Growth: Brand Blueprint



## Creating the World's Best Play Experiences



Hasbro's Brand Blueprint: A Proprietary Advantage

Unique Strategy Fueled by Unmatched Brand Portfolio and Industry-leading
Capabilities in Innovation, Content, Gaming, Digital and Licensing

- Q1 2019 revenue growth in Franchise Brands, Hasbro Gaming and Emerging Brands


Remain on Track to Deliver Profitable Growth for the Fullyear 2019

- Q1 2019 revenues up 2\%; up 6\% absent FX*
- Delivered operating profit and margin improvement
- Expect full-year net cost savings of \$50-\$55M


Strong Financial
Position

Investing in long-term profitable growth of Hasbro while returning cash to shareholders

- \$1.2B in cash at quarter end
- Generated \$593M in TTM operating cash flow
- Advertising and product development for MAGIC: THE GATHERING; Start-up expenses for Midwest U.S. warehouse



## First Quarter Net Revenue Performance



- Revenue contributions from our investments in Magic: The Gathering Arena and tabletop, growth in 4 of 7 Franchise Brands and improvement in our commercial markets, notably the U.S. and Europe
- Revenues increased 1\% in the U.S. and Canada segment; International revenues declined 2\% as reported, increased 6\% absent FX; Entertainment, Licensing and Digital revenues increased 24\% in the quarter
- Absent a negative $\$ 24.3$ million impact of foreign exchange, first quarter 2019 revenues grew 6\%


## First Quarter Segment Net Revenues


*The Entertainment and Licensing segment is now the Entertainment, Licensing and Digital segment. For the quarter ended April 1, 2018, Wizards of the Coast digital gaming revenues of $\$ 10.4$ million, and operating profit of $\$ 3.2$ million, were reclassified from the U.S. and Canada Segment to the Entertainment, Licensing and Digital segment. The full-year 2018 revenue reclassification is expected to be approximately $\$ 58$ million.

## U.S. \& CANADA

Revenue growth in Franchise Brands, Hasbro Gaming and Emerging Brands partially offset by decline in Partner Brands.

INTERNATIONAL

- Revenues increased 6\%, absent the negative $\$ 23.4$ million impact from FX.
- Growth in Hasbro Gaming and Emerging Brands more than offset by Partner Brands decline; Franchise Brands flat, up absent FX.

ENTERTAINMENT, LICENSING \& DIGITAL

Growth driven by Magic: the Gathering Arena and Consumer Products licensing revenues.

## International Segment Revenues

|  | Q1 2019 <br> AS REPORTED | Q1 2019 <br> ABSENT FX |
| ---: | :---: | :---: |
| EUROPE | $-1 \%$ | $+8 \%$ |
| LATIN AMMERICA | $-5 \%$ | $+3 \%$ |
| ASIA PACIFIC | -- | $+5 \%$ |
| INTERNATIONAL | $-2 \%$ | $+6 \%$ |

## EMERGING <br> MARKETS

- Q1 Revenues down 9\%
- Absent FX, Q1 2019 Emerging Markets up approximately 2\%


## First Quarter Brand Portfolio Performance

|  | (\$ Milions, unaudited) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Q1 } \\ 2019 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Q1 } \\ 2018 \end{gathered}$ | \% CHANGE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | FRANCHISE BRANDS | \$394 | \$362 | +9\% |
| IINC | PARTNER BRANDS | \$172 | \$201 | -14\% |
|  | HASBRO GAMING* | \$108 | \$105 | +2\% |
|  | EMERGING BRANDS | \$59 | \$49 | +22\% |
|  | Total | \$733 | \$716 | +2\% |

*Hasbro's total gaming category, including all gaming revenue, most notably MAGIC: THE GATHERING and MONOPOLY which are included in Franchise Brands in the table above, was \$243M for Q1 2019, up 20\% vs. \$204M in Q1 2018.
Hasbro believes its gaming portfolio is a competitive differentiator and views it in its entirety.

## FIRST QUARTER 2019

- Franchise Brands: Growth in MAGIC: THE GATHERING, PLAY-DOH, TRANSFORMERS, MONOPOLY.
- Partner Brands: BEYBLADE growth and initial shipments of UGLY DOLLS offset by declines in other Partner Brands, based on the timing of new entertainment initiatives coming into the market this year.
- Hasbro Gaming: DUEL MASTERS, CONNECT 4 and TWISTER contributed to growth in the quarter.
- Emerging Brands: Gains in quick strike collectables, FURREAL FRIENDS and initial shipments of POWER RANGERS.


## First Quarter Major Expense Items

Improvements to Operating Profit Margin

| (\$ Millions, unaudited) | 012019 | Q1 2018* | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \% CHANGE } \\ & \text { YOY** } \end{aligned}$ | Q1 2019 \% OF REVENUE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cost of Sales | \$260 | \$255 | +2\% | 35.5\% |
| Royalties | \$60 | \$70 | -14\% | 8.2\% |
| Product Development | \$56 | \$57 | -2\% | 7.7\% |
| Advertising | \$77 | \$68 | +13\% | 10.5\% |
| Amortization of Intangibles | \$12 | \$6 | +82\% | 1.6\% |
| Program Production Cost Amortization | \$7 | \$12 | -45\% | 0.9\% |
| Selling, Distribution \& Administration | \$225 | \$328 | -31\% | 30.8\% |

Operating Profit
$\checkmark$ Revenues
$\checkmark$ Cost Savings
$\checkmark$ Stock
Compensation
$\checkmark$ Expense
Management

## First Quarter Operating Profit (Loss)

## FIRST QUARTER OPERATING PROFIT (LOSS)


*A reconciliation of adjusted operating profit can be found on slide 24

- Operating profit increase reflects higher revenues, contribution from our cost savings activities, lower stock compensation and good expense management
- Q1 2018 operating profit impacted by Toys"R"Us bad debt expense and severance charges


## First Quarter Segment Operating Profit (Loss)



*A reconciliation of adjusted segment operating profit can be found on slide 24


## First Quarter Net Earnings (Loss)



- Underlying tax rate for the first quarter was $18.5 \%$ versus $16.5 \%$ in Q 1 2018; the effective tax rate for the quarter was $9.7 \%$
- O1 2018 After-tax Non-GAAP Adjustments included $\$ 61.4 \mathrm{M}$, or $\$ 0.49$ per diluted share associated with Toys"R"Us; \$15.7M, or $\$ 0.12$ per diluted share in severance costs associated with accelerating the Company's commercial organization transformation; and a net charge of $\$ 47.8 \mathrm{M}$, or $\$ 0.38$ per diluted share related to U.S. tax reform


## Key Cash Flow \& Balance Sheet Data




## Returning Cash to Shareholders:



8\%
2019 Quarterly Dividend Increase

Dividend in 15 of last 16 years
\$79.3M Dividends Paid in Q1 2019

## Returning Cash to Shareholders:



## CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

Our commitment to CSR reflects our desire to help build a safer, more sustainable and inclusive company and world for all.


## Supplementary Financial Informatior

## Q1 Consolidated Statements of Operations



## Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets


(1) In January 2019, the Company adopted Financial Accounting Standards Update 2016-02, Leases, which requires the recognition of lease assets and lease liabilities. As a result, the Company has recorded operating lease right-of-use assets of $\$ 141,075$ included in Property, Plant and Equipment, Net at March 31, 2019, as well as operating lease liabilities of $\$ 158,877$ at March 31 , 2019, of which $\$ 29,534$ are recorded in Payables and Accrued Liabilities and $\$ 129,343$ are included in Other Liabilities.

Subtotals/totals and percent changes may vary due to rounding

## Condensed Consolidated Cash Flow

| (\$ Millions, unaudited) | QUARTER ENDED: | MARCH 31, 2019 | APRIL 1, 2018 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES | \$264 | \$318 |
|  | CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: |  |  |
|  | Additions to Property, Plant and Equipment | (25) | (28) |
|  | Other | (2) | 2 |
|  | NET CASH UTILIZED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES | (27) | (26) |
|  | CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: |  |  |
|  | Net Proceeds from (Repayments of) Short-term Borrowings | 3 | (134) |
|  | Purchases of Common Stock | (47) | (38) |
|  | Stock-based Compensation Transactions | 2 | 20 |
|  | Dividends Paid | (79) | (71) |
|  | Employee Taxes Paid for Shares Withheld | (12) | (53) |
|  | Deferred Acquisition Payments | (88) | - |
|  | NET CASH UTILIZED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES | (220) | (276) |
|  | Effect of Exchange Rate Changes on Cash | (3) | 2 |
|  | Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year | 1,182 | 1,581 |
|  | CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD | \$1,197 | \$1,599 |

## SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL DATA

Reconciliation of As Reported to Adjusted Operating Profit Results (Unaudited)
(Thousands of Dollars)

## Non-GAAP Adjustments Impacting Operating Profit

Quarter Ended

| April 1, 2018 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Pre-tax } \\ \text { adjustments } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | Post-tax adjustments |  |
| \$ | 70,428 | \$ | 61,372 |
|  | 17,349 |  | 15,699 |
| \$ | 87,777 | \$ | 77,071 |

${ }^{(1)}$ In the first quarter of 2018, Toys"R"Us announced a liquidation of its U.S. operations, as well as other retail impacts around the globe. As a result, the Company recognized incremental bad debt expense on outstanding Toys"R"Us receivables, royalty expense, inventory obsolescence as well as other related costs.
${ }^{(2)}$ In the first quarter of 2018, the Company incurred $\$ 17.3$ million of severance charges, primarily outside the U.S., related to actions associated with a new go-to-market strategy designed to be more omni-channel and ecommerce focused. These charges were included in Corporate and Eliminations.

Reconciliation of Operating Profit (Loss) Results

|  | Quarer Ended April, 2018 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | As Reported |  | Non-GAAP Adjustments |  | Adjusted |  |
| Adjusted Company Results |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| External Net Revenues | \$ | 716,341 | \$ | - | \$ | 716,341 |
| Operating Profit (Loss) |  | $(80,419)$ |  | 87,777 |  | 7,358 |
| Operating Margin |  | -11.2\% |  | 12.3\% |  | 1.0\% |
| Adjusted Segment Results |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U.S. and Canada Segment: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| External Net Revenues | \$ | 353,913 | \$ | - | \$ | 353,913 |
| Operating Profit (Loss) |  | $(26,620)$ |  | 52,277 |  | 25,657 |
| Operating Margin |  | -7.5\% |  | 14.8\% |  | 7.2\% |
| International Segment: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| External Net Revenues |  | 287,945 |  | - |  | 287,945 |
| Operating Profit (Loss) |  | $(56,088)$ |  | 11,151 |  | $(44,937)$ |
| Operating Margin |  | -19.5\% |  | 3.9\% |  | -15.6\% |
| Entertainment, Licensing and Digital Segment: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| External Net Revenues |  | 74,405 |  | - |  | 74,405 |
| Operating Profit |  | 17,143 |  | - |  | 17,143 |
| Operating Margin |  | 23.0\% |  | 0.0\% |  | 23.0\% |

## Corporate and Eliminations:

The Corporate and Eliminations segment included non-GAAP adjustments of $\$ 24.3$ million for the quarter ended April 1,2018 , consisting of $\$ 17.3$ million of severance; and $\$ 7.0$ million of royalty expense related to
Toys"R"Us losses. Toys"R"Us losses.

## SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL DATA

## Reconciliation of Reported to Adjusted Net Earnings and Earnings Per Share (Unaudited)

(Thousands of Dollars)

## Reconciliation of Net Earnings and Earnings per Share


${ }^{(1)}$ Diluted Per Share Amount for the impact of Toys"R"Us, severance and Tax Reform and net earnings, as adjusted, for Q1 2018 are calculated using dilutive shares of 126,095 for the quarter.
${ }^{(2)}$ The Company made adjustments to provisional U.S. Tax Reform amounts recorded in the fourth quarter of 2017 based on additional regulations issued in the first quarter of 2018.

## Reconciliation of EBITDA

Net Earnings (Loss)
Interest Expense
Income Taxes (including Tax Reform)
Depreciation
Amortization of Intangibles EBITDA
Non-GAAP Adjustments
Adjusted EBITDA

| Quarter Ended |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| March 31, 2019 |  | April 1, 2018 |  |
| \$ | 26,727 | \$ | $(112,492)$ |
|  | 22,314 |  | 22,809 |
|  | 2,868 |  | 24,104 |
|  | 27,028 |  | 26,221 |
|  | 11,816 |  | 6,478 |
| \$ | 90,753 | \$ | $(32,880)$ |
|  | - |  | $(87,777)$ |
| \$ | 90,753 | \$ | 54,897 |

## 2018 Net Revenues by Currency






